

WEKA

Waikato Environment for Knowledge Analysis

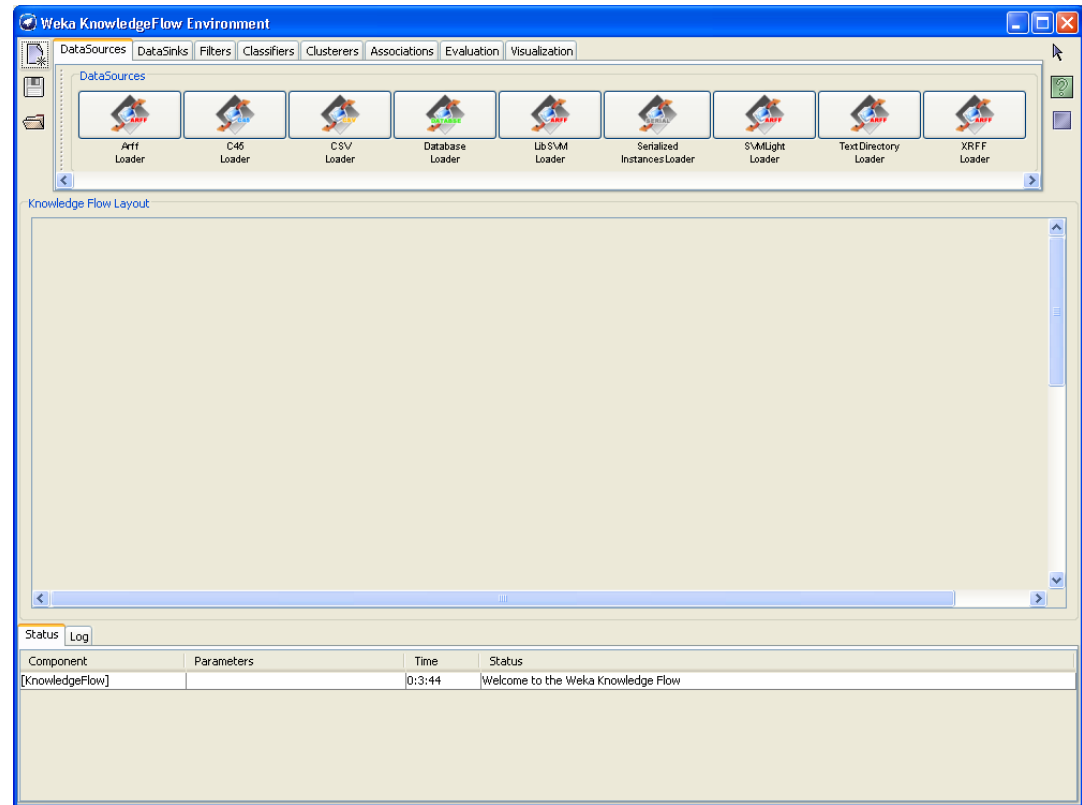
Performing Classification Experiments

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The Knowledge Flow Interface

- It provides an alternative to the Explorer interface
- The user can select WEKA components from a palette, place them on a layout canvas and connect them together in order to form a knowledge flow for processing and analyzing data.



Knowledge Flow example (1)

Setting up a flow to load an ARFF file and perform a cross-validation using J48

- Create a source of data (DataSources tab - ARFFLoader)
- Connect it to a ARFF file (right click over the ARFFLoader icon - Configure)
- Specify which attribute is the class (Evaluation tab – ClassAssigner)
- Connect the ArffLoader to the ClassAssigner (right click over the ArffLoader, select the dataSet under Connections and link with the ClassAssigner component with a left click)
- Specify which column is the class (right click over the ClassAssigner - choose Configure)
- Add a CrossValidationFoldMaker component (Evaluation)
- Connect the ClassAssigner to the CrossValidationFoldMaker (right click over ClassAssigner, select dataSet, left click over CrossValidationFoldMaker)



Knowledge Flow example (2)

- Select the J48 component (classifiers tab)
- Connect the CrossValidationFoldMaker to J48 TWICE (right click over CrossValidationFoldMaker, first choose trainingSet and then testSet)
- Select ClassifierPerformanceEvaluator component (Evaluation tab)
- Connect J48 to this component (right click over J48, select batchClassifier left click over by ClassifierPerformanceEvaluator)
- Select TextViewer component (Visualization tab)
- Connect the ClassifierPerformanceEvaluator to the TextViewer (select the text entry from the pop-up menu for ClassifierPerformanceEvaluator)
- Select GraphViewer component (Vizualization tab) and link to J48 (select the graph entry from the pop-up menu for J48)
- Start the flow (select start loading from the pop-up menu for the loader)



Knowledge Flow example (3)

The screenshot displays the Weka KnowledgeFlow Environment interface. At the top, there are tabs for DataSources, DataSinks, Filters, Classifiers, Clusterers, Associations, Evaluation, and Visualization. Below these tabs is a 'Visualization' toolbar containing icons for Data Visualizer, Scatter PlotMatrix, Attribute Summarizer, Model Performance Chart, Cost Benefit Analysis, Text Mewer, Graph Mewer, and Strip Chart. The main area, titled 'Knowledge Flow Layout', shows a workflow diagram with the following components and connections:

- ArffLoader** (labeled 'ARFF') outputs a **data Set** to **Class Assigner**.
- Class Assigner** outputs a **data Set** to **CrossValidation FoldMaker**.
- CrossValidation FoldMaker** outputs a **training Set** and **test Set** to **J48**.
- J48** outputs a **batch Classif** to **Classifier Performance Evaluator**.
- Classifier Performance Evaluator** outputs **text** to **Text Mewer**.
- J48** also outputs a **graph** to **Graph Mewer**.

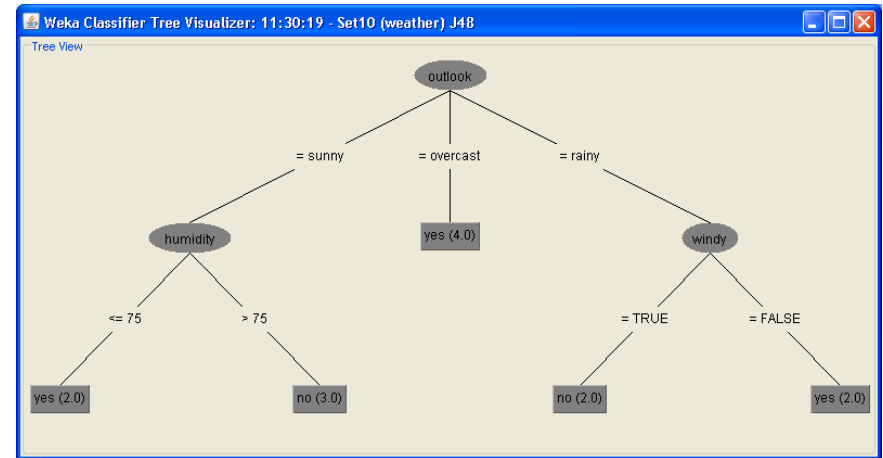
At the bottom, the 'Status' tab is active, showing a table of component execution details:

Component	Parameters	Time	Status
[KnowledgeFlow]		0:43:13	Memory (free/total/max.) in bytes:95,402,688 / 156,499,968 / 238,616,576
ArffLoader		-	Finished.
CrossValidationFoldMaker		-	Finished.
J48	-C 0.25 -M 2	-	Finished.
ClassifierPerformanceEvaluator		-	Finished.



Knowledge Flow example (4)

- Select show results from the pop-up menu for the graph viewer



- Select show results from the pop-up menu for the text viewer

The screenshot shows the "Text Viewer" window displaying the following evaluation results:

```

=== Evaluation result ===

Scheme: J48
Options: -C 0.25 -M 2
Relation: weather

Correctly Classified Instances      9      64.2857 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    5      35.7143 %
Kappa statistic                     0.186
Mean absolute error                 0.2857
Root mean squared error             0.4818
Relative absolute error             60 %
Root relative squared error         97.6586 %
Total Number of Instances          14

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

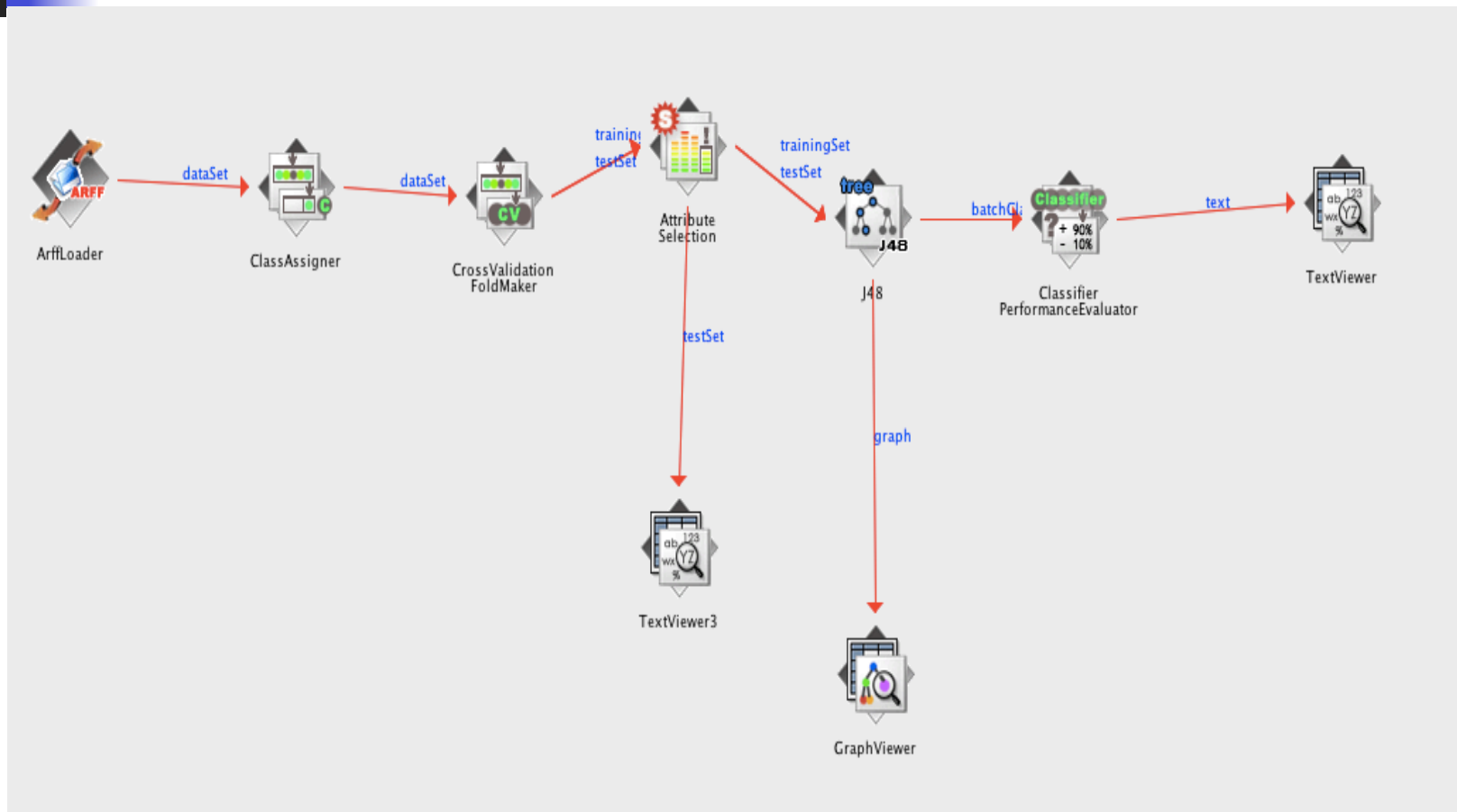
          TP Rate  FP Rate  Precision  Recall  F-Measure  ROC Area  Class
          -----  -
          0.778    0.6     0.7       0.778   0.737     0.789   yes
          0.4     0.222    0.5       0.4     0.444     0.789   no
Weighted Avg.  0.643    0.465    0.629    0.643   0.632     0.789

=== Confusion Matrix ===

 a b  <-- classified as
 7 2 | a = yes
 3 2 | b = no
    
```



Knowledge Flow: attribute selection



Knowledge Flow: attribute selection

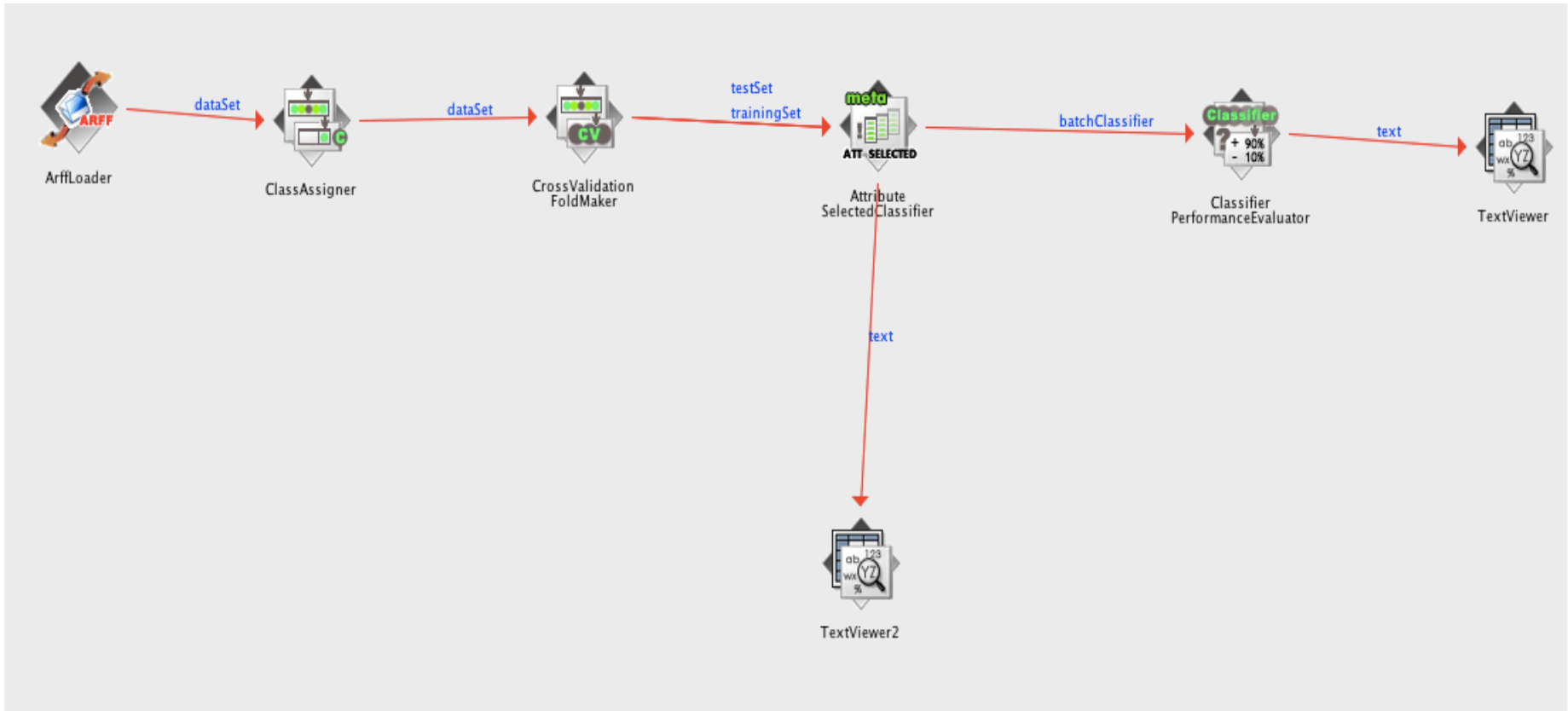
Select show results from the pop-up menu for the text viewer connected to the Attribute Selection Block

Result list	Text
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@relation 'ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1'
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a01 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a03 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a04 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a05 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a06 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a07 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a08 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a10 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a14 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a18 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a27 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a28 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a29 numeric
17:20:03 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute a33 numeric
17:20:04 - ionosphere-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection-Eweka.attributeSelection.CfsSubsetEval -P 1 -E 1-Sweka.attributeSelection.BestFirst -D 1	@attribute class {b,g}
	<pre> @data 1,-0.26667,0.4,-0.27303,0.12159,-0.17778,-0.04444,-0.06879,0.02726,-0.00883,0.00019,-0.00043,0.00026,-0.00026,-0.00026,0.0,0,0,1,0,-1,-1,-1,0,b 1,0.68198,-0.17314,0.82332,0.21908,0.46643,0.32862,0.58304,0.44523,0.41168,-0.04314,0.14481,-0.04779,-0.04779,-0.14754,1,0.04918,0.57377,-0.01639,0.01639,0,-0.14754,0.52385,-0.20325,0.32787,0.4918,b 1,0.02337,-0.00592,-0.09924,-0.11949,-0.00763,-0.11824,0.06637,0,-0.10196,-0.0324,0.09223,-0.07859,-0.07859,-0.07859,-0.62121,-0.63636,0,0,0,0.28788,0.51894,0.32955,0.25758,-0.57576,0.43182,0.17045,b 1,0.72727,-0.05,0.89241,0.03462,1,0.72727,-0.05909,0.09559,0.21818,0.56982,0.14673,0.42273,1,b 1,0.17188,-1,-1,1,0,0,0,0.36146,1,1,-1,0,b 1,1,-1,1,1,1,-1,-0.0184,1,1,1,1,b 1,-0.01864,-0.08459,0,0,0,-0.2681,0,0.15018,0.20645,-0.02294,0,-0.08208,b 1,0.0546,0.01437,-0.02586,0.04598,0.01437,0.04598,0.00862,0.0431,0.08046,0.00862,0.01724,0.02586,-0.04598,0.50932,-0.93996,1,0.26708,-0.0352,-1,-1,0,0.03623,0.39752,0.26501,0,0,b 0,0,0,1,1,1,0,-1,-1,1,0,0,b 1 1 -0 00192 1 -0 11226 0 00346 -0 70087 -0 22075 -0 47365 -0 65274 0 40757 -0 95660 0 27041 0 70771 0 </pre>

For each fold we can extracted the actual filtered test set!!!



Knowledge Flow: metaclassification



Knowledge Flow: attribute selection

Select show results from the pop-up menu for the text viewer connected to the Meta Classifier Block

Result list

```

17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 1)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 2)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 3)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 4)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 5)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 6)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 7)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 8)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 9)
17:36:28 - Model: AttributeSelectedClassifier (fold 10)
    
```

Text

```

Scheme: AttributeSelectedClassifier
Relation: pima_diabetes
Training Fold: 10

AttributeSelectedClassifier:

=== Attribute Selection on all input data ===

Search Method:
  Best first.
  Start set: no attributes
  Search direction: forward
  Stale search after 5 node expansions
  Total number of subsets evaluated: 37
  Merit of best subset found: 0.162

Attribute Subset Evaluator (supervised, Class (nominal): 9 class):
  CFS Subset Evaluator
  Inclusion: locally predictive attributes
  Selected attributes: 2,6,8 : 3
    plas
    mass
    age

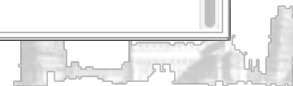
Header of reduced data:
@relation 'pima_diabetes-weka.filters.unsupervised.attribute.Remove-V-R2,6,8-9'

@attribute plas numeric
@attribute mass numeric
@attribute age numeric
@attribute class {tested_negative,tested_positive}

@data

Classifier Model
IB1 instance-based classifier
using 1 nearest neighbour(s) for classification
    
```

For each fold we can extract the actual model along with the selected features!



The Experimenter

- A robust experimental part involves running several learning schemes on different datasets.
- The Experimenter interface enables us to set-up large scale experiments.
- The user can create an experiment that runs several schemes against a series of datasets and then analyze the results to determine if one of the schemes is (statistically) better than the other schemes.



Simple setup

Experiment type:

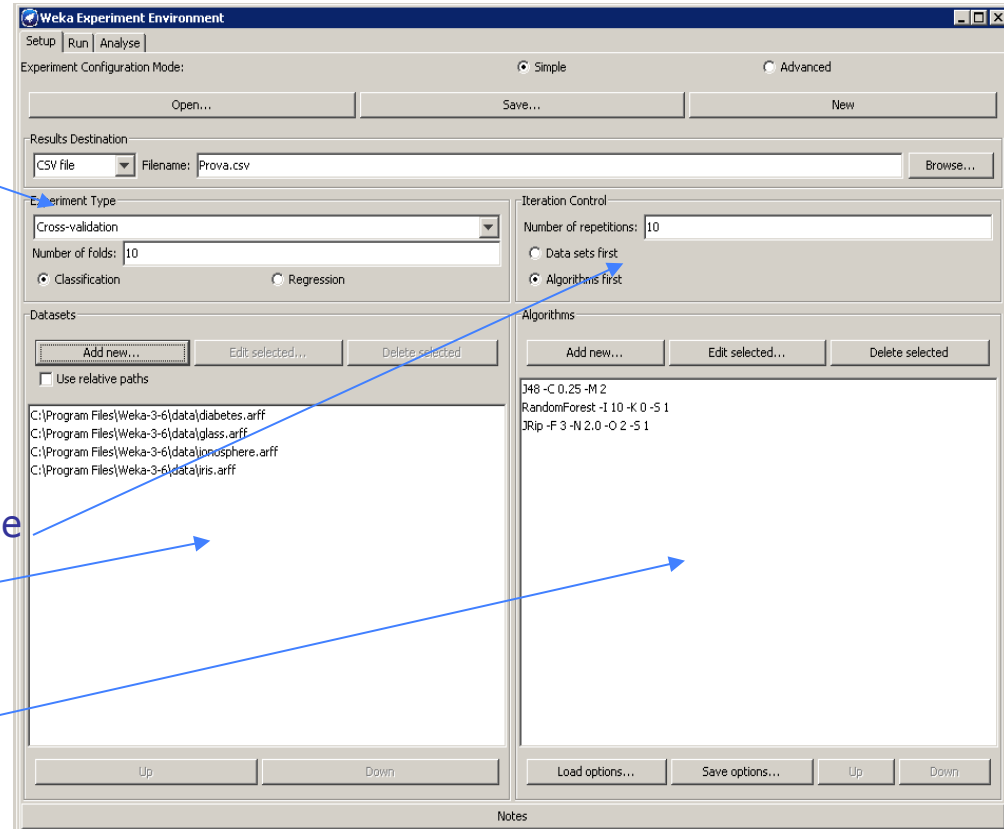
- Cross-validation (default), Train/Test Percentage Split (data randomized or order preserved)
- Number of folds
- Classification/Regression

Iteration control

- Set the number of repetition and change the order of iterations

Datasets

Algorithms



The Analyze panel

The screenshot shows the Weka Experiment Environment interface. The 'Analyze' tab is active. The 'Source' field contains 'Got 1200results'. The 'Configure test' section includes options for 'Testing with' (Paired T-Test...), 'Row' (Select), 'Column' (Select), 'Comparison field' (Percent_correct), 'Significance' (0.05), 'Sorting (asc.) by' (<default>), 'Test base' (Select), 'Displayed Columns' (Select), 'Show std. deviations' (checkbox), and 'Output Format' (Select). The 'Test output' section shows a table of results for three datasets: pima_diabetes, Glass, ionosphere, and Iris. The table includes columns for dataset name, sample size, and accuracy for three different models. A 'Key' section below the table explains the model identifiers. The 'Result list' at the bottom shows a list of performed tests with their timestamps.

Callouts:

- The number of result lines available:** Points to the 'Got 1200results' text in the Source field.
- Type of results to load:** Points to the 'File...', 'Database...', and 'Experiment' buttons.
- Type of comparison:** Points to the 'Comparison field' dropdown menu.
- Significance level:** Points to the 'Significance' input field.
- How to perform and show the results of the test:** Points to the 'Perform test' and 'Save output' buttons.



The paired T-test results respect to a control algorithm (C4.5)

Weka Experiment Environment

Setup Run Analyse

Source
Got 1200results

File... Database... Experiment

Configure test

Testing with: Paired T-Test...

Row: Select

Column: Select

Comparison field: Percent_correct

Significance: 0.05

Sorting (asc.) by: <default>

Test base: Select

Displayed Columns: Select

Show std. deviations:

Output Format: Select

Perform test Save output

Test output

Tester: weka.experiment.PairedCorrectedTTester
Analysing: Percent_correct
Datasets: 4
Resultsets: 3
Confidence: 0.05 (two tailed)
Sorted by: -
Date: 16/11/15 17.06

Dataset	(1) trees.J4	(2) trees	(3) rules
pima_diabetes	(100) 74.49	74.44	75.18
Glass	(100) 67.63	76.16 v	66.78
ionosphere	(100) 89.74	93.11 v	89.16
iris	(100) 94.73	94.27	93.93

(v/ /*) | (2/2/0) (0/4/0)

Key:
(1) trees.J48 '-C 0.25 -M 2' -217733168393644444
(2) trees.RandomForest '-I 10 -K 0 -S 1' 4216839470751428698
(3) rules.JRip '-F 3 -N 2.0 -O 2 -S 1' -6589312996832147161

Result list

17:06:17 - Available resultsets
17:06:39 - Percent_correct - trees.J48 '-C 0.25 -
17:11:16 - Percent_correct - trees.RandomForest

v → the results are statistically better than the control algorithm
 * → the results are statistically worse than the control algorithm
 (x/y/z) → counts of the number of times
 the scheme was better than (x), the same as (y), or worse than
 (z) the control algorithm

The paired T-test results

respect to a control algorithm (Random Forest)

Weka Experiment Environment

Setup Run Analyse

Source

Got 1200results

File... Database... Experiment

Configure test

Testing with: Paired T-Test...

Row: Select

Column: Select

Comparison field: Percent_correct

Significance: 0.05

Sorting (asc.) by: <default>

Test base: Select

Displayed Columns: Select

Show std. deviations:

Output Format: Select

Perform test Save output

Test output

Tester: weka.experiment.PairedCorrectedTTester
 Analysing: Percent_correct
 Datasets: 4
 Resultsets: 3
 Confidence: 0.05 (two tailed)
 Sorted by: -
 Date: 16/11/15 17.11

Dataset	(2) trees.Ra	(1) trees	(3) rules
pima_diabetes	(100) 74.44	74.49	75.18
Glass	(100) 76.16	67.63 *	66.78 *
ionosphere	(100) 93.11	89.74 *	89.16 *
iris	(100) 94.27	94.73	93.93

 (v/ /*) | (0/2/2) (0/2/2)

Key:
 (1) trees.J48 '-C 0.25 -M 2' -217733168393644444
 (2) trees.RandomForest '-I 10 -K 0 -S 1' 4216839470751428698
 (3) rules.JRip '-F 3 -N 2.0 -O 2 -S 1' -6589312996832147161

Result list

- 17:06:17 - Available resultsets
- 17:06:39 - Percent_correct - trees.J48 '-C 0.25 -I
- 17:11:16 - Percent_correct - trees.RandomForest



Exercise

- Load the ionosphere dataset and prepare a 5 fold cross validation
- Perform the classification by using the three different classifiers and identify the most performing one
- Once selected the best classifier, perform the classification by using a metaclassifier with three different attribute selection methods
- Which is the best attribute selection method?
- Which are the most relevant selected attributes?

